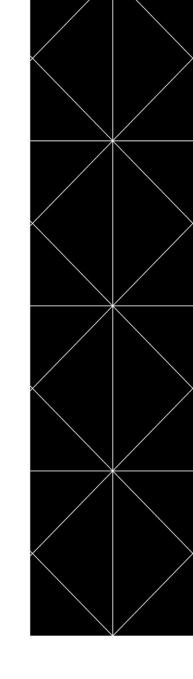
# Millennial Wine Consumers: Profiles and Responses towards Alternative Wine Packaging

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### Project Funding

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- Texas Wine Marketing Research Institute
- •A competitive grant issued by the Wine Market Council (graduate student research)





### **Background and Justification**

- \*Largest, fastest growing wine consumer segment in the U.S.
- Demanding new, exciting, convenient, and eco-friendly wine packaging (Haderspeck, 2014)
- \* Alternative packaging:

Tetra Pak, oddly sized bottles, bag-in-box, plastic containers (e.g., pouches), aluminum cans etc.







### **Background and Justification**

#### Research has shown...

- wine packaging design effects quality perceptions (Jennings & Wood, 1994; Reidick, 2003).
- \* screw-top closures, non-glass containers, larger formed bottles, and boxed wines are perceived by consumers as a lesser quality wine product (Reidick, 2003).

#### However...

research has neglected to empirically explore the preferences and attitudes Millennial consumers have towards alternative wine packaging



#### **Data Collection Procedures**

#### Phase I

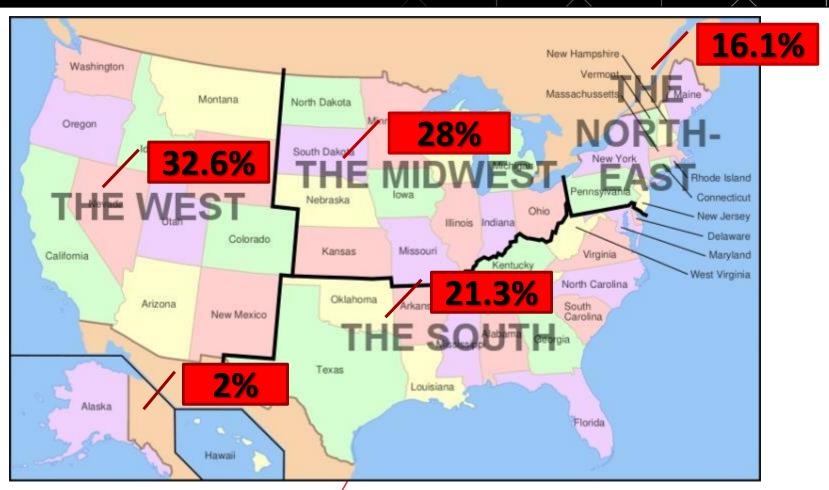
- † Focus group sessions (4) that concentrated on Millennials attitudes towards alternative wine packaging
- \* Sampled Millennials currently living in West Texas

#### Phase II

- \* Consumer survey was developed based on the focus group results
- \* Survey was distributed online via SSI panel
- \*A total of 2,418 were collected



### Geographic Representation



### Socio-Demographics of Sample

Identifiers	Percentage
Gender	
Female	49.2%
Male	50.3%
Age	
21-25	28.8%
26-31	37.3%
32-39	33.9%
Marital status	
Single	41.1%
Married/Domestic partnership	54.7%
Divorced/Widowed/Other	4.0%



#### Highest level of education completed

<b>Education Level</b>	Percent
High School not completed	1.7%
High School diploma	20.3%
Vocational / Technical School	8.6%
Currently in college	15.3%
College diploma (undergraduate)	30.6% <b>53.6</b> %
Graduate degree	23.0%
Total	99.6%



### Total annual household income

Annual Household Income	Percent
Under \$20,000	11.0%
\$20,001 - \$40,000	21.9%
\$40,001 - \$60,000	22.4% _ 62.7%
\$60,001 - \$80,000	18.4%
\$80,001 - \$100,000	12.8%
Over \$100,000	12.9%

# Alcoholic beverage consumed MOST OFTEN

Beverage	Percent	
Beer	29.0%	
Wine	60.2%	
Spirits	10.8%	
Total	100%	

# How would you describe your wine knowledge?

Wine knowledge levels	Percent		
Advanced	10.4%		
Intermediate	47.1%		
Basic	36.9%		
No prior knowledge	2.9%		
Missing	2.6%		
Total	97.3%		



#### How important is wine to you?

Importance Indicators	Average*
Wine is an important part of my life	3.37
I have a strong interest in wine	3.59
I purchase wine regularly	3.72
I find wine fascinating	3.71

Note: \*Based on a 5-point scale: 1 = 'strongly disagree' and 5 = 'strongly agree.'

#### Are you a member of a wine club or organization?

Response	# of Participants	Percent
Yes	302	12.5%
No	2102	87.2%



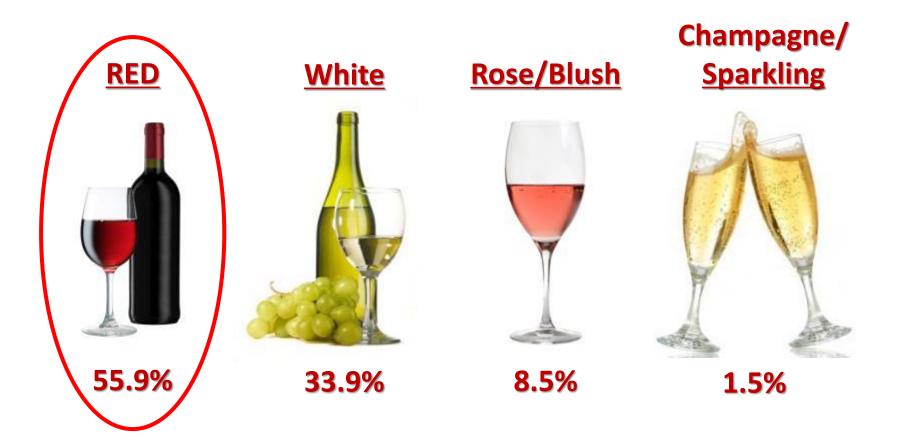
### How often do you consume WINE?

Frequency of consum	Percent	
Daily	44.00/	<b>12.6%</b>
Several times a week	44.2%	31.6%
About once a week	24.20/	20.3%
Several times a month	34.3%	14.0%
About once a month	15.6%	<b>10.0%</b>
Once in a couple of months	13.0%	5.6%
A few times a year	F 70/	3.6%
Rarely	5.7%	2.1%
Total		100%

Note: 'Never' responses excluded from participation



### What type of wine do you consume most often?





### Do you prefer wine that is dry or sweet?

Preference	# of Participants	Percent
Sweet	1280	53.1%
Dry	485	20.1%
<b>Equal Preference</b>	640	26.6%
Total	2405	99.8%

#### Split for consumers who prefer RED wine

Preference	# of Participants	Percent
Sweet	584	43.4%
Dry	345	25.6%
<b>Equal Preference</b>	416	30.9%
<b>Total</b>	1279	99.9%

### Involvement based on preference for dry or sweet

		Factors		
	Preference	Knowledge*	Importance	Consumption Frequency*
(	Sweet	2.50	3.44	3.51
	Dry	2.18	3.74	2.82
	<b>Equal Preference</b>	2.17	3.80	2.88

**Note:** Scores are averages. \*A higher score indicates lower level

Millennials that prefer sweet wines consume less wine than others



### Do you prefer wine that is dry or sweet?

Age	Sweet	Dry	Equal Preference
21-25	61.7%	16.3%	22.0%
26-31	52.8%	18.8%	28.4%
32-39	46.2%	25.2%	28.6%
Total	52.7%	27.6%	11.3%

As Millennials age increases so does their preference for dry wines.



# Factors that influence wine purchases

	Order of Importance								
Factor	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Info on back of label	126	124	155	195	172	169	119	85	6
Label design	68	112	179	218	241	200	97	33	3
Package design	27	64	132	192	248	223	201	<b>5</b> 6	8
Price	337	279	192	118	86	59	45	33	2
Brand	198	240	193	140	138	117	88	35	2
Variety	328	202	144	90	82	161	100	41	3
Country of origin	35	98	119	119	107	127	337	192	17
Location on shelf	9	25	28	70	70	93	151	655	50

**Notes:** 1 = Most Important and 9 = Least Important. Highlighted figures represent the top three factors within each level of importance. \* included; alcohol content, recommendations from friends and experts, and environmentally friendly.

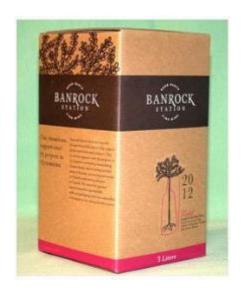


# Alternative Wine Packaging Design

- \* Packages were chosen based on focus group responses
- Respondents were asked to indicate their level of familiarity and attitudes towards each brand











### Which situations would prompt you to buy wine in alternative packaging?

Situation	Percent of YES responses
For regular consumption at home	55.4%
When gathering with friends	57.2%
For outdoor events like concerts	42.7%
For a picnic	44.0%
For beach or lake outings	40.5%
Camping	36.4%
Sporting events	20.7%
Family gatherings like Christmas	45.0%
Girls/Boys night out	27.9%
To give as a gift	40.6%
To take to work related gatherings	20.6%

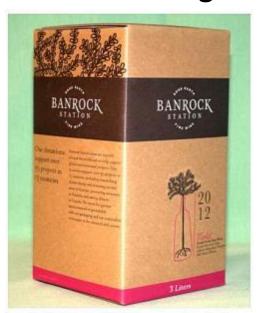
Note: Participants could select more than one choice



#### **Alternative Packaging Type #1**

#### Bag-in-box (BIB) - 3L

Matted brown finish with thin (Cambria font) script and environmental message and image



# Selected Focus Group Quotes: Type #1

"I like the organic look; it looks like it's been recycled, and I dig it."

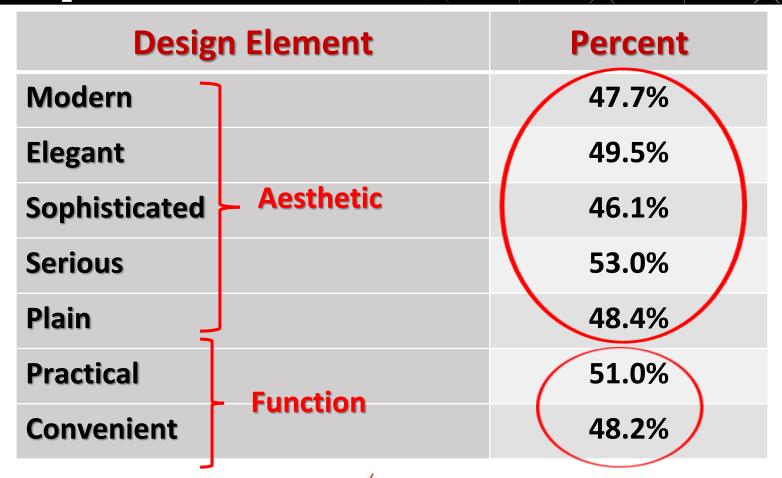
"...our generation really likes modern: sharp edges & simplistic labelling, a minimalist sort of thing..."

"This one is four bottles of wine in one box. That's super convenient."

"...[Minimalism] tells me that the company spends money on their [products], produce a good product, so I think more of their products and the wine."



# Type #1 Design Characteristic Responses





### Type #1 Packaging Perceptions

Prompt	Average
Attractiveness and Aesthetics	3.34
Functionality	3.58
Value	3.51
Quality of Product – based on the packaging	3.45
Note: Based on a 5-point Likert scale, 1 = Strongly disagre	e & 5 = Strongly Agree



#### **Alternative Packaging Type #2**

### Bag-in-box (BIB) - 3L

Glossy black finish with neon colored polka dots and bold type script



# Selected Focus Group Quotes: Type #2

"...the flashier the container or packaging is the more juvenile [the product becomes]."

"Quit trying flashy packaging."

"Not the polka dots, it's just too busy"

"I feel like they [marketers]
gear a lot of cheaper wines
towards [younger Millennials],
so the labels and the packaging
always look really cheap"



# Type #2 Design Characteristic Responses

Design Element		Percent		
Exciting		69.0%		
Colorful		71.5%		
Modern		68.2%		
Funny	<ul><li>Aesthetic</li></ul>	47.7%		
Cluttered		47.2%		
Tacky		46.7%		
Unusual		48.2%		



### Type #2 Packaging Perceptions

Prompt	Average
Attractiveness and Aesthetics	3.14
Functionality	3.53
Value	3.31
Quality of Product – based on the packaging	3.08
Note: Based on a 5-point Likert scale, 1 = Strongly disagre	e & 5 = Strongly Agree



### **Alternative Packaging Type #3**

#### Aluminum cans – 4-pack 187ml

Glossy finish with bright pink colors and white cursive script



# Selected Focus Group Quotes: Type #3

"I Just can't take wine in a can seriously." – Younger Millennial

street, drinking wine and nobody would question me."

"I like the can because I

could walk down the

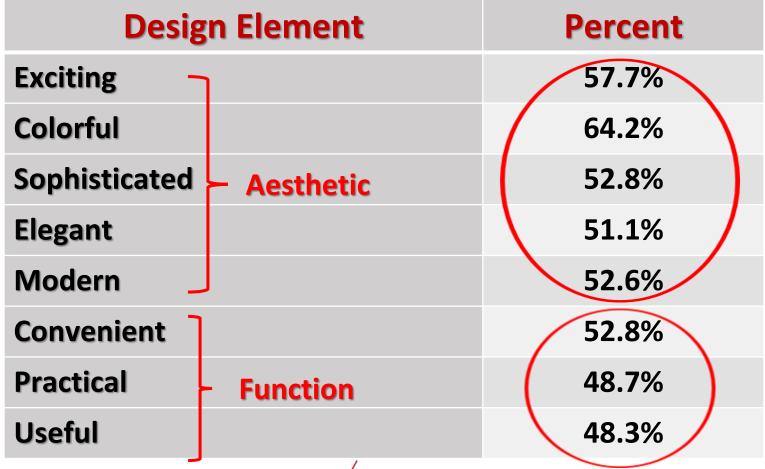
"[Wine in a can]
looks fun, I'd try it."

-Older Millennial

"[Buying Type #3] would depend on the context more than just the design [color] of the packaging."



# Type #3 Design Characteristic Responses





### Type #3 Packaging Perceptions

Prompt	Average		
Attractiveness and Aesthetics	3.67		
Functionality	3.61		
Value	3.37		
Quality of Product – based on the packaging	3.61		
Note: Based on a 5-point Likert scale, 1 = Strongly disagree & 5 = Strongly Agree			



#### **Alternative Packaging Type #4**

#### Plastic Bottles- 4-pack 187ml

Glossy finish, orange/yellow and white color scheme, limited graphics and "traditional" label design



# Selected Focus Group Quotes: Type #4

"I like the individual glasses [mini-bottles]."

"If I was going to trust a different packaging, besides a bottle, I would pick the [mini-plastic] bottles."

"I could throw [minibottles] in the fridge, in the cooler, and you wouldn't have to worry about it."

"I've bought [minibottles] to keep in my refrigerator. I like to drink at home but not always a whole bottle."

# Type #4 Design Characteristic Responses

Design Element	Percent		
Traditional	64.2%		
Serious Aesthetic	70.5%		
Plain	52.3%		
Usual	53.9%		
Convenient	66.8%		
Practical - Function	64.5%		
Useful	55.2%		



### Type #4 Packaging Perceptions

Prompt	Average		
Attractiveness and Aesthetics	3.33		
Functionality	3.83		
Value	3.83		
Quality of Product – based on the packaging	3.38		
Note: Based on a 5-point Likert scale, 1 = Strongly disagree & 5 = Strongly Agree			



# Packaging Perceptions - Comparison

	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	
Prompt		SANGRIA		Charleson Control of the Control of	
Attractiveness and Aesthetics	3.34	3.14	3.67	3.33	
Functionality	3.58	3.53	3.61	3.83	
Value	3.51	3.31	3.37	3.83	
<b>Quality of Product</b>	3.45	3.08	3.61	3.38	

Note: Based on a 5-point Likert scale, 1 = Strongly disagree & 5 = Strongly gree



### **Major Themes Detected**

Convenience and Functionality

Peer Evaluation (Social perceptions)

Price and Value

Overall Design

Situational Usage

BIBs, cans, and plastic mini-bottles were discussed most often



# Factors that Improve Quality Evaluations & Willingness to Pay

- \* Multiple Regression to find predictor variables
  - Males vs Females
  - \* Also segmented by age group but found no differences
- \* Attractiveness, Aesthetics, Value, Social & Functionality
  - \*Increase likelihood for positive quality evaluations and willingness to pay
  - \* Functionality only played a minor role on Female respondents WTP responses
- \* Attractiveness, Aesthetics, & Social Perceptions
  - \* Most consistent predictors amongst all factors



#### Millennial Consumers

#### **Involved wine consumers**

- \*knowledgeable and interested in wine
- \*consume wine fairly regularly
- \*Younger Millennials expressed interest in beer as well

#### **Differ in opinions**

#### Gender

- \* Males are more likely to spread their beverage dollar
- \* Females have slightly stronger preference for wine

#### <sup>₹</sup> Age

- \* As they increase in age so does their preference for dry red wine
- \* Younger Millennials more likely to give alternative wine as a gift and/or share with friends



### Alternative Wine Package Designation Best Practices

- \* Packaging plays a secondary role
  - \* Marketers should balance pricing strategies, product design, and target market
- \* Usage is situational based
  - \*Gathering with friends and family
  - \*At home use cooking & personal consumption
  - Limited outdoor usage picnics
- \* Design elements should align with packaging purpose
  - \* Fun vs. Serious
  - \*Usage varies based on age of Millennial and situation



### Alternative Wine Package Designation Best Practices

- \*Incorporate minimalism and modern design approach
  - \*Younger Millennials were turned off by flashy designs
- \* Eco-friendly elements were well received
  - \* Natural color schemes
  - \* Environmental message
    - \*Avoid green-washing
- \* Packaging design should convey Value and functionality
  - \* Mini-plastic bottles vs. 3L BIB
- \* Balance value, functionality, and design to improve overall quality perceptions







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